Briefing on the Reconstruction Progress of Lushan Earthquake-Affected Area

Purpose: Information
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Briefing on the Reconstruction Progress of Lushan Earthquake-affected Area

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Damages and Losses of Lushan Earthquake
Lushan earthquake with magnitude 7.0 in Sichuan province on 20 April 2013.

- 1,919 towns and villages in 117 counties and 2.84 million people affected
- 832,000 people evacuated and replaced
- 196 dead, 21 missing, 14,000 injured

Damaged rural dwelling housing
In rapid responding to the devastating earthquake, the Chinese government made comprehensive deployment, led and mobilized all relevant parties to effectively and orderly carry out rescue and relief work to reduce the disaster damage and ensure the basic life of the affected people to the maximum level.
emergency rescue operation

transport disaster relief goods
After the earthquake, a lot of countries, international organizations and foreign enterprises provided donations to China in cash or in kind. The Chinese government and the Chinese people are very grateful for them!
The Chinese government attaches great importance to the reconstruction work. While carrying out emergency search and rescue tasks, under the coordination and deployment of the Ministry of Civil Affairs (MCA) and other relevant ministries, the assessment team evaluated the scope and losses of the earthquake-hit area. The evaluation report divided the affected areas into the seriously devastated area, the devastated area, the moderate affected area, and the slightly affected area. By assessment, the Lushan Earthquake incurred a direct economic loss amounted to over RMB 60 billion.
Based on the disaster loss assessment, geological disaster investigation and hazard evaluation, the National Development and Reform Commission of China led the formulation of the General Plan for Restoration and Reconstruction of the Area Affected by Lushan Earthquake which was released by the State Council in July 2013.
The plan makes clear:

- the restoration and reconstruction needs to be completed within three years;
- the production and living conditions of the reconstructed area should be recovered and even built better;
The plan points out:

- each household in the quake-hit area must be ensured to live in contentment and have sources of income;
- the people live in safe, affordable, practical and “worry-free” houses;
- the environment for employment and starting up business should be constantly improved;
- the social undertakings develop greatly, with everyone enjoying access to basic subsistence support;
- the injured and disabled should be properly settled, with the level of basic public services notably uplifted;

The total reconstruction investment needs is around **RMB 86 billion**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reconstruction Investment</th>
<th>Money(R MB)</th>
<th>Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Central government</td>
<td>46 billion</td>
<td>including a reconstruction fund of RMB 31 billion for integrated use by Sichuan Province, and a fund of RMB 15 billion for ecological restoration, ecological hazard prevention and control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sichuan Provincial Government</td>
<td>10 billion</td>
<td>for reconstruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social mobilization,Enterprises and Residents donation, Loans from banks at home and abroad, and International organizations assistance</td>
<td></td>
<td>for reconstruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Sichuan Provincial Government organizes certain cities/prefectures and relevant enterprises to provide pairing-assistance in the province.</td>
<td></td>
<td>for reconstruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>86 billion</td>
<td>for reconstruction</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
For Rural Houses Reconstruction. Sichuan Provincial Government formulated a work plan, requiring to complete reconstruction within two years. The government in the quake-affected area allocated to each rural household a subsidy of **RMB 30,000** on average, higher than the standard of **RMB 20,000** after Wenchuan Earthquake. The subsidy is distributed according to the economic status and size of each family. The vulnerable group including the old, the orphan and the disable group will be settled in welfare houses or the elder’s homes.
The reconstruction of rural houses combines concentrated reconstruction and individual self-construction, showing full respect to the production and living habits of the rural households and the actual conditions of the disaster-affected areas. The building standards are consistent with the new countryside construction standards and the community will be facilitated with good public services.

### For Rural Houses Reconstruction
(Up to late January 2014)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Under Construction</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Completed houses</th>
<th>Completed Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Reconstruction Houses</td>
<td>94.8 thousand</td>
<td>74 thousand</td>
<td>77.98%</td>
<td>29.3 thousand</td>
<td>30.92%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Repaired and Reinforced Houses</td>
<td>267.2 thousand</td>
<td>267.1 thousand</td>
<td>99.96%</td>
<td>262.1 thousand</td>
<td>98.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
For Urban Houses Reconstruction. Sichuan Provincial Government provided the affected people with affordable housing, commercial housing, and social security housing.

The government of the quake-hit area offers each urban household a subsidy of RMB 45,000 on average (1.8 times the subsidy of RMB 25,000 after Wenchuan Earthquake).

For Urban Houses Reconstruction:
(Upto late January 2014)

<table>
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<tr>
<th></th>
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<th>Rate</th>
<th>Completed</th>
<th>Completed Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Reconstruction Apartments</td>
<td>35.1 thousand</td>
<td>16.4 thousand</td>
<td>46.8%</td>
<td>405</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Repaired and Reinforced Apartments</td>
<td>110.2 thousand</td>
<td>106.5 thousand</td>
<td>96.62%</td>
<td>94.9 thousand</td>
<td>86.16%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>