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#### Development of Seismic Damage Assessment Analysis

Submitted by: Korea



Workshop on Large-Scale Disaster Recovery in APEC Taipei, Chinese Taipei 22-23 September 2008

#### Workshop on Large-Scale Disaster Recovery in APEC



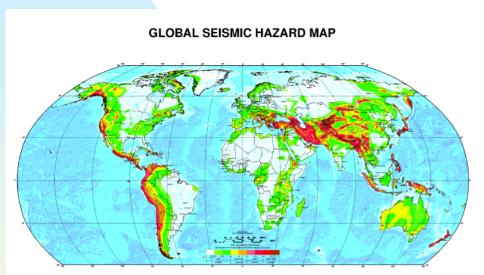
## Development of Seismic Damage Assessment Analysis

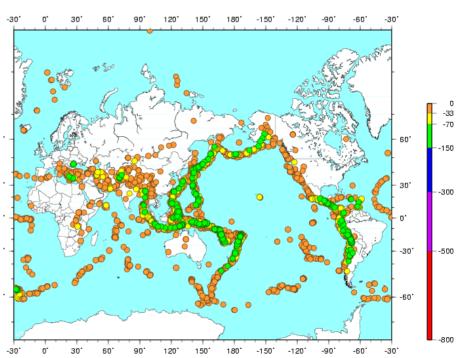
23 Sept. 2008

**Byung-Cheol PARK** 

National Institute for Disaster Prevention, Republic of KOREA

## **Seismicity of the World**

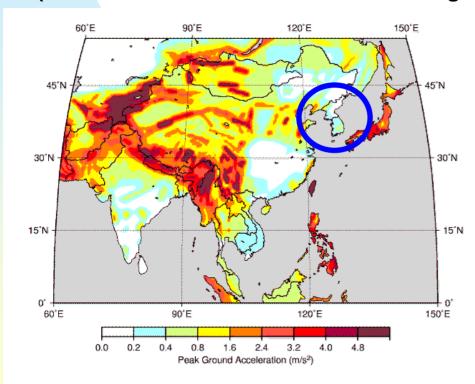




 $M \ge 6.0 (1978 \sim 2008.7)$ 

## Seismicity of the Korea Peninsula

## Seismic Hazard Map for Eastern Asia (Global Seismic Hazard Assessment Program)

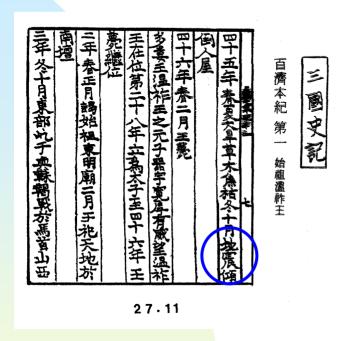


Moderate Seismicity
Region

(Http://www.seismo.ethz.ch/gshap/eastasia)

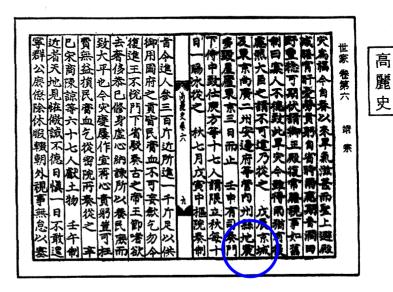
## Seismicity of the Korea Peninsula

### Historical Records about Earthquake Activities



<三國史記> Sept. 27

Ground shaked and houses are collapsed.



1036.7.23

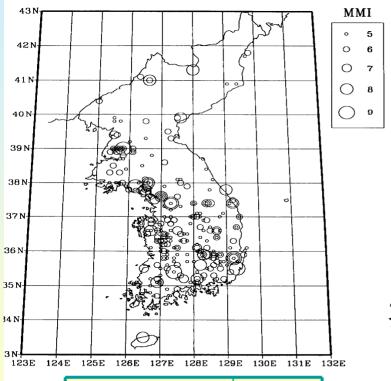
<高麗史> 23 July 1036

Ground shaked and wooden houses are collapsed in Gaesung and Gyungju. Shaking is continued for 3days.

## Seismicity of the Korea Peninsula

# From A.D.2 to 1904 (by Historical Literatures)

Epicenters of Historic Earthquakes in Korean Peninsula (AD 2 ~ 1904)



Classification
Frequency

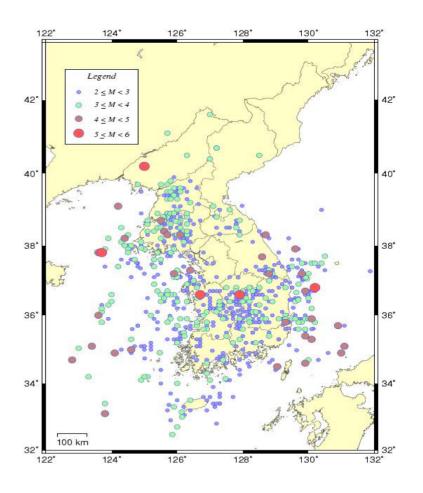
≥ MMI V
389

≥ MMI VI
168

recorded damage
45

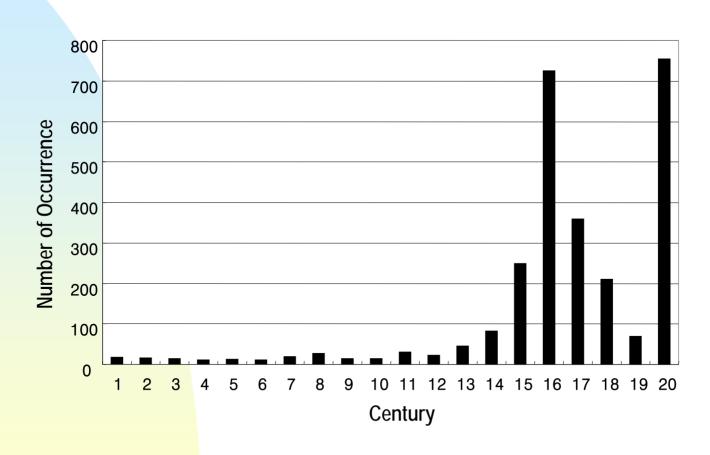
#### From 1905 to 2008

(by Seismometer)



## Seismicity of the Korean Peninsula

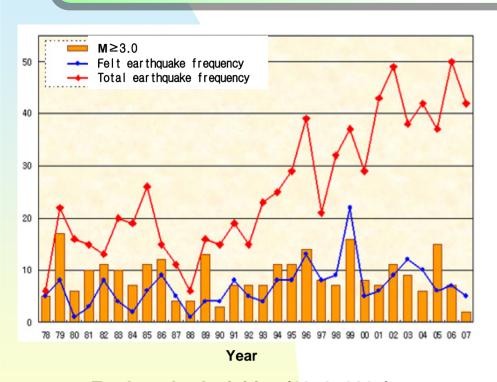
#### Time distribution of earthquake occurrence

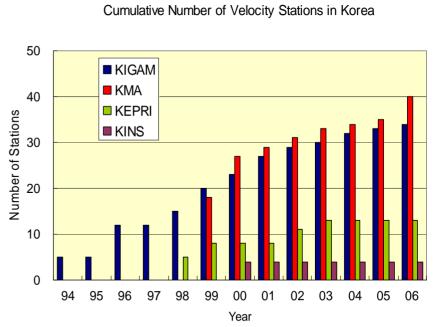


## **Recent Earthquake Activities of Korea**

It is doubtful that earthquake frequency is truly increase.

- A felt earthquake is not increase.
- Total earthquake frequency is increase with station.





Earthquake Activities (1978~2007)

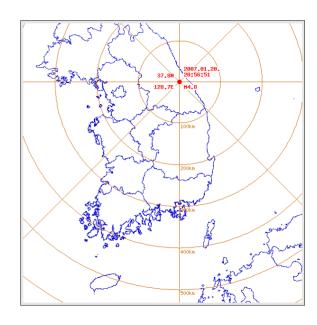
## **Causes for Public Awareness**

## (1) Experience of Neighboring Countries and Korea

Tangshan Earthquake in 1976 (China) Kobe Earthquake in 1995 (Japan) Chi-Chi Earthquake in 1999 (Taiwan) Odaesan Earthquake in 2007 (Korea) Wenchuan Eqrthquake in 2008 (China)

## (2) Research Results

Damage Records in Historical Literatures
Increasing seismicity in the 20th century
Characteristics of Intraplate seismicity
irregular strain in both space and time



## (3) Public Opinion

On structural safety (lack of confidence)
On the fear of devastating earthquake (effect of media)

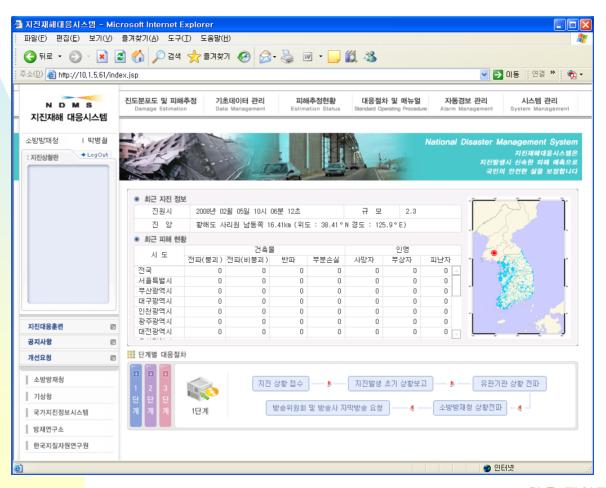
## **Earthquake Mitigation Countermeasures**

National Disaster Countermeasures Act (1995)
 Earthquake is added to the disaster list
 20 types of structures should be designed with seismic design concept

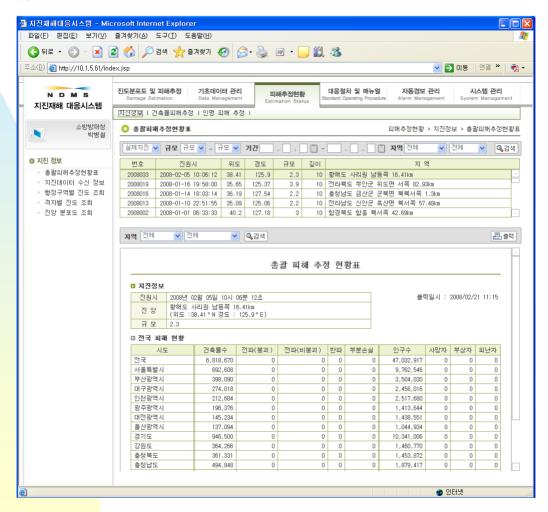
National Earthquake Disaster Countermeasures Act (2007) Comprehensive Countermeasures from Observation, Preparedness, Response, and R&D

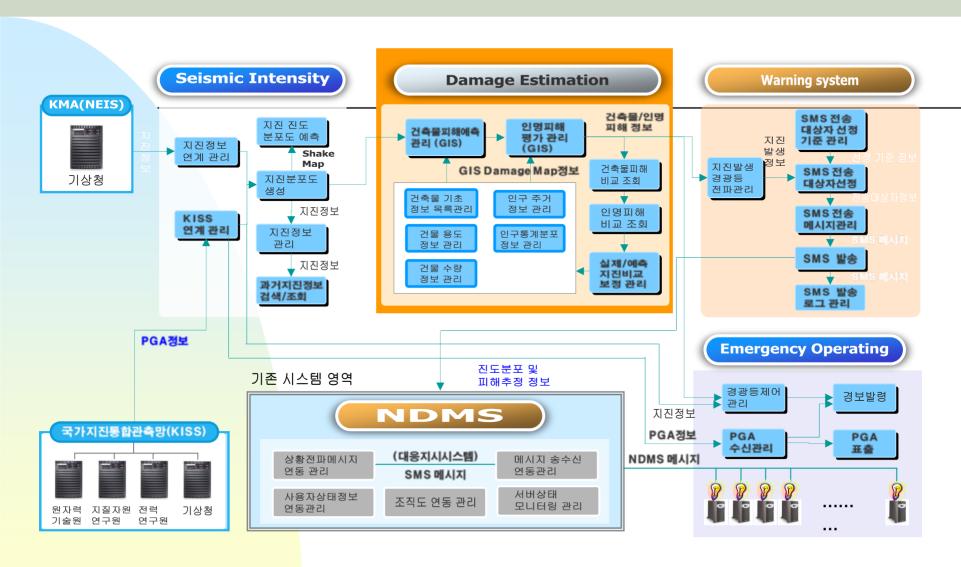
# Developed by NEMA (from 2006) seismic damage estimation system is included

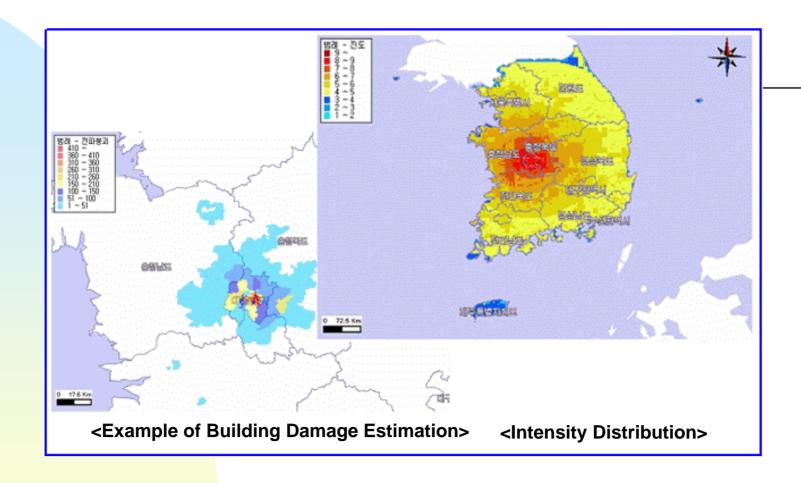
✓ Main Page



✓ Estimation Status





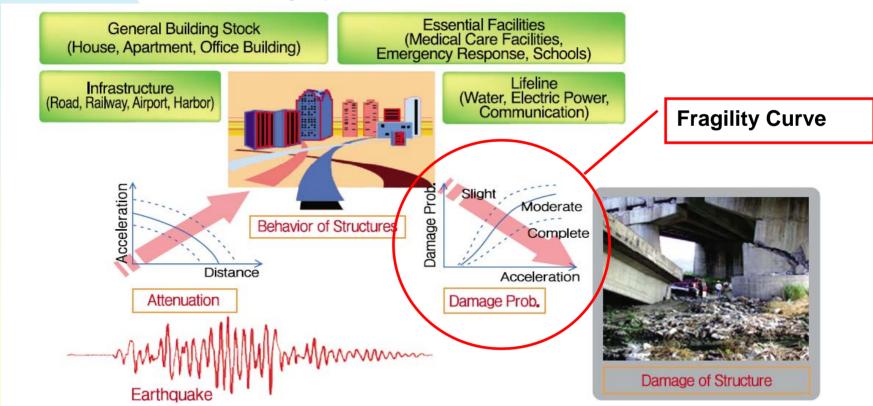


The Accountability (Reliability) of the Result ?
How can get the reliability ?

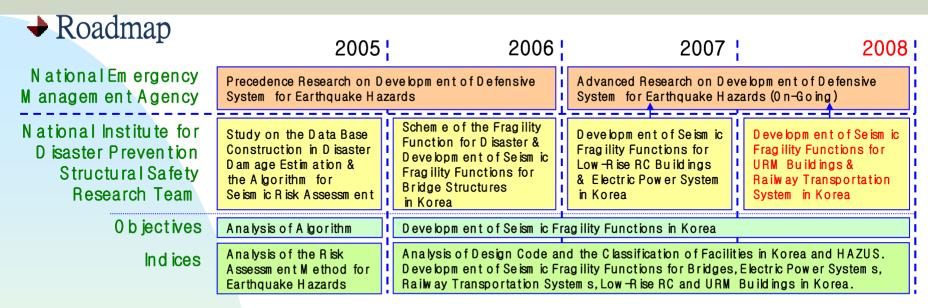
## **Development of Seismic Damage Assessment Analysis**

#### Objectives

- To estimate the structural damages of the society for effective responses and proper mitigation countermeasures in the emergency management of earthquake
- To develop the seismic fragility functions applicable to the structures in Korea



## **Development of Seismic Damage Assessment Analysis**



- → Contents and Applications
  - Analyzing the algorithm of the method estimating seismic damages
  - Strategic research for the localization of the fragility functions by analyzing the parameters
  - Development of the fragility functions of the major kinds of structures in Korea
  - Supporting the information on the structural vulnerability against earthquake
  - Providing the guideline and countermeasures for maximizing the effects of the disaster mitigation efforts.

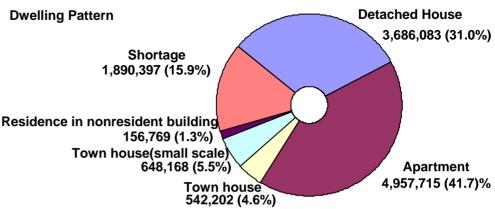
## **Development of Seismic Damage Assessment Analysis**

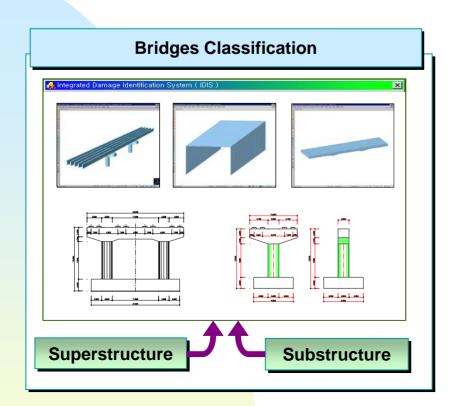
#### **Development of Seismic Fragility Curves for Structures in Korea**

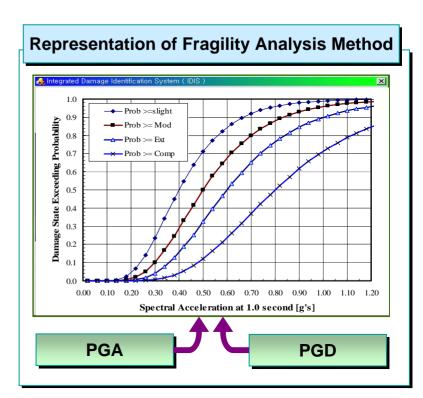
- < Structures >
- Road Bridges (2006) with KOSHAM
- Low-rise RC buildings (2007)
- Electric Power System (2007) with KAERI
- Unreinforced Masonry Buildings (2008)
- Railway Structure (2008) with KAERI





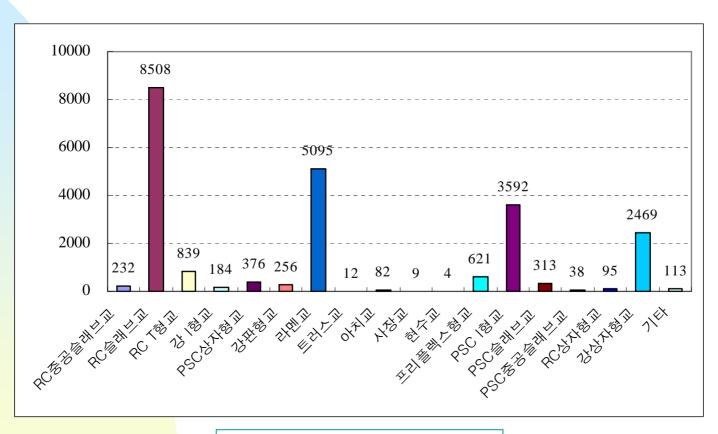






The Development of Seismic Fragility on Bridges

#### ✓ Status of Bridges in Korea



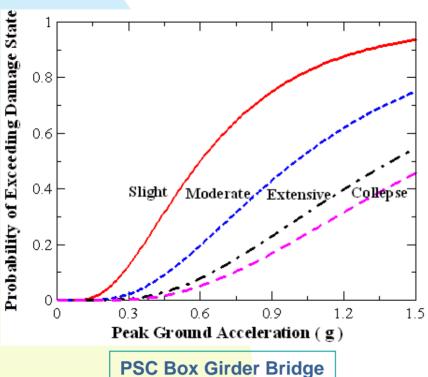
Status by Superstructure, 2006

#### ✓ Classification

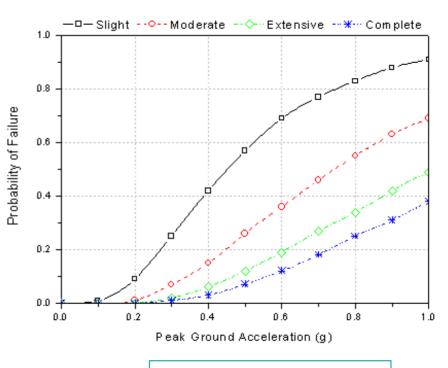
Types	Super	Sub	Design	Indication
	DO OL-L		Conventional	KHWB 01
	RC Slab		Seismic	KHWB 02
	RC Rahmen		Conventional	KHWB 03
			Seismic	KHWB 04
	Simple Sup.	Wall	Conventional	KHWB 05
RC			Seismic	KHWB 06
		Single Col.	Conventional	KHWB 07
			Seismic	KHWB 08
		Multi- Col.	Conventional	KHWB 09
			Seismic	KHWB 10
	Multi- Span	Wall	Conventional	KHWB 11
			Seismic	KHWB 12
		Single Col.	Conventional	KHWB 13
			Seismic	KHWB 14
		Multi- Col.	Conventional	KHWB 15
			Seismic Seismic	KHWB 16

PSC	PSC I Beam		Conventional	KHWB 17
			Seismic	KHWB 18
	Simple Sup.	Single Col.	Conventional	KHWB 19
			Seismic	KHWB 20
		Multi- Col.	Conventional	KHWB 21
			Seismic	KHWB 22
	Multi- Span	Single Col.	Conventional	KHWB 23
			Seismic	KHWB 24
		Multi- Col.	Conventional	KHWB 25
			Seismic	KHWB 26
	Steel Box		Conventional	KHWB 27
			Seismic	KHWB 28
	Simple Sup.	Single Col.	Conventional	KHWB 29
			Seismic	KHWB 30
Steel		Multi- Col.	Conventional	KHWB 31
			Seismic	KHWB 32
	Multi- Span	Single Col.	Conventional	KHWB 33
			Seismic	KHWB 34
		Multi- Col.	Conventional	KHWB 35
			Seismic	KHWB 36
All other Bridges				KHWB 37

#### ✓ Fragility Curves







**PSC Beam Girder Bridge** 

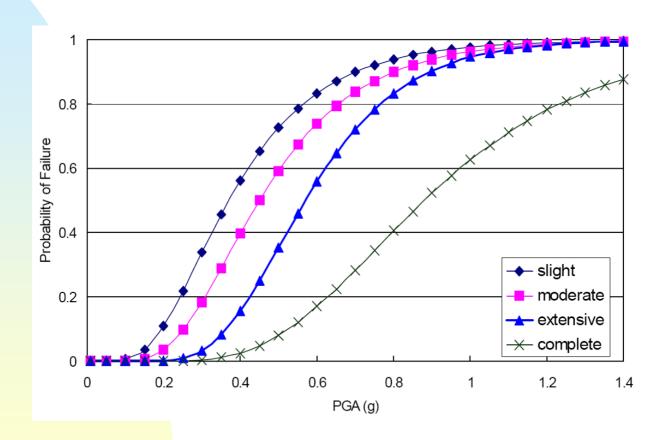
#### Classification of Electric Power System for Seismic Damage Evaluation

Electric System	Group	Remarks	
	Low Voltage Level (154kV)	154kV, 66kV, 22kV	
Transmission Substation	Medium Voltage Level (345kV)		
	High Voltage Level (756kV)		
	Hydraulic Power	Hydraulic Power, Pumped Storage	
Generation Power Plants	Fossil Power	Steam Power, Internal-combustion Power	
	Nuclear Power		
Diatribution System	Surface System	Steal Tower, Concrete Tower	
Distribution System	Underground System	Underground Distribution Facility	

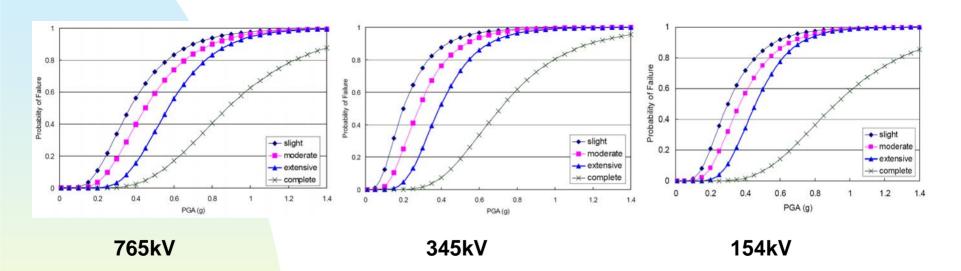
#### **Damage State Definition for a Substation**

Damage Stated	Definition	4 Bank System	
Slight/Minor Damage	25% of functional damage	Failure of transformer or bushing of 1Bank	
Moderate Damage	50% of functional damage	Failure of transformer or bushing of 2Bank	
Extensive Damage	100% of functional damage	Failure of transformer or bushing of 4Bank	
Complete Damage	Failure of all transformer Failure of all bushing	Failure of all transformer or Failure of all bushing	

#### **Seismic Fragility Curves for Substation System**



#### **Seismic Fragility Curves for Substation System**



The Accountability (Reliability) of the Result?
How can get the reliability?

## Major Subject of the Earthquake Damage Assessment

√ Classification

✓ Damage Function and State

√ Fragility Analysis

✓ Economic Value

# Thank you