

2017/SOM3/EPWG/005 Agenda Item: 10.5

Update on Supply Chain Resilience Project - Best Practices in Policies, Regulations and Flexibility for Resilience of Global Value Chains

Purpose: Information Submitted by: United States



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US-APEC Technical Assistance to Advance Regional Integration (US-ATAARI) A joint project of the U.S. Agency for International Development, the U.S. Department of State, and Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation

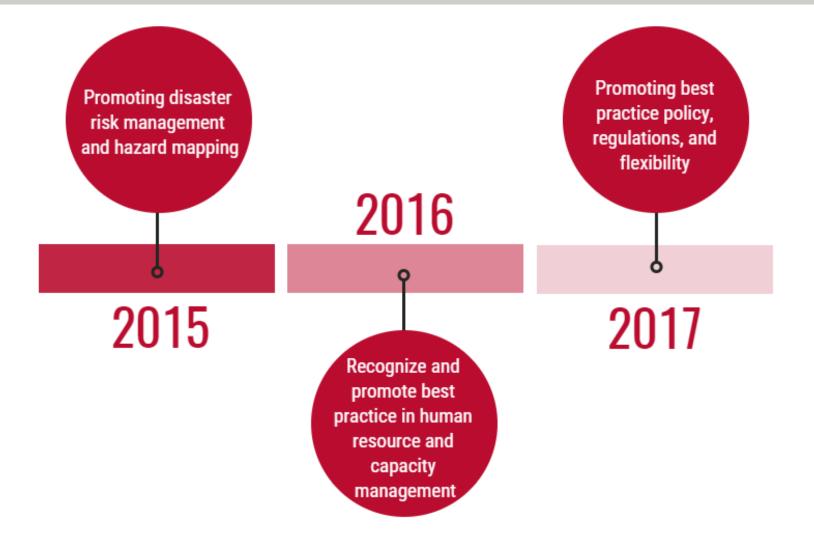
APEC Seven Principles of Supply Chain Resilience

- 1. Share information and knowledge to promote supply chain resilience.
- 2. Promote disaster risk management and hazard mapping to better understand potential risks to supply chain resilience.
- 3. Support planning and business continuity management to improve global supply chain resilience.
- 4. Promote best practice policy, regulations, and flexibility to enable global supply chain resilience.
- 5. Leverage regional cooperation to support the supply chain, including coordination with other multinational organizations working on supply chain resilience inside and outside the APEC region.
- 6. Promote critical infrastructure protection and inter-modalism as a key component of supply chain resilience.
- 7. Recognize and promote best practice in human resource and capacity management in the context of supply chain resilience.

Implementation of the Principles (2013 – 2017)

- Two-pronged approach:
 - APEC-wide workshop focused on one principle
 - Economy-level workshop, covering relevant principles with a sectoral focus
- Aim: improving resilience to effectively manage and mitigate disruptions caused by natural disaster to global supply chains

Focusing on the Principles



Focus on One Developing Economy Each Year

- Establish a Steering Committee to guide follow-on activities
- Involve partners (e.g. governments agencies, NGOs, companies)
- Conduct a workshop
- Facilitate discussions
- Jointly develop an Action Plan
- Discuss implementation of the Action Plan with Steering Committee

2015: The Philippines



- 100+ participants
- Experts from:
 - Nestlé
 - Microsoft

IMPACTS

- 82% of survey respondents indicated that they have applied what was learned in the workshop as a regular part of their jobs
- One participant noted that the workshop contributed towards
 legal/regulatory changes in their economy, sharing that "Best practices from other countries encouraged us to review some policies involving trucking, shipping aviation in times of disasters/constrained situations."
- Supply Chain Management Association of the Philippines

2016:Viet Nam

- 63 participants
- Focus in agriculture



- Action plan items included:
 - Conducting risk and hazard mapping of supply chains
 - Promoting business continuity management, including standards, guidance and training
 - Develop and promote insurance and financing mechanisms

2017: Papua New Guinea



- 35 participants
- Focus in the petroleum and agribusiness sectors
- Action Plan focused on reviewing existing policies and improving transport infrastructure

2017: Focus on Principle #4

- Workshop held on August 18-19 at SOM 3
- Focused on: "Promoting best practices in policies and regulations and flexibility for supply chain resilience"
- Provided practical approaches that companies and governments can use to strengthen policy frameworks and regulations in an aim to improve resilience to recover following disasters
- Offered perspectives from the private and public sector
- Delivered examples and case studies from Japan, Thailand, the Philippines and more

Outputs from this Workshop

- Participants discussed successful policies in their economies and current gaps/constraints
- This fed into a concluding session on solutions for improving supply chain resilience moving forward
- Short term solutions included:
 - Promoting awareness and better understanding of current policies, especially for SMEs
 - Developing SOPs to mitigate weak interagency cooperation
 - Exploring other funding sources including APEC funds and seed grants
- Long terms solutions included:
 - Continuing dialogue between government and SMEs
 - Review and improvement or formulation of legislation

Next Steps

- Stock-take late 2017
 - Review what has been implemented to date
 - –Identify key gaps
 - –Collect best practices and lessons learned
 - -Highlight impacts