

2016/SOM3/EPWG/019

Agenda Item: 9.8

Emergency Responses to Kaohsiung Earthquake and Typhoon Nepartak in Chinese Taipei, 2016

Purpose: Information Submitted by: Chinese Taipei



10th Emergency Preparedness Working Group Meeting Lima, Peru 15-16 August 2016



Emergency Responses to Kaohsiung Earthquake and Typhoon Nepartak in Chinese Taipei, 2016

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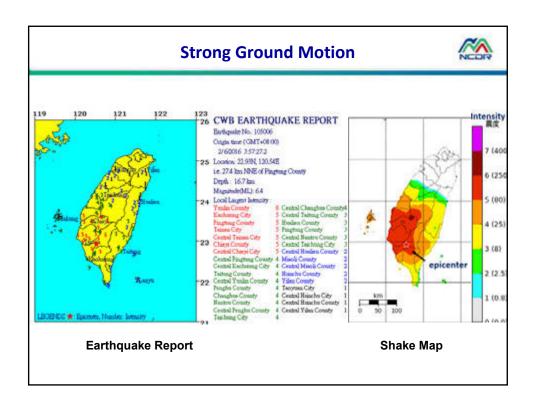
The 10th APEC Emergency Preparedness Working Group Meeting 2016.08.15, Lima, Peru

Summary of Kaohsiung Earthquake



- A magnitude-6.4
 - Date and Time: February 6, 2016 at 3:57 am
 - Epicenter: at Meinong, Kaohsiung City and with a focal depth of 16.6 Kilometers
 - in-land and shallow earthquake
- Casualties
 - 117 died and 546 wounded
- Major losses
 - over 60 buildings totally or partially collapsed.





Summarized numbers of damages and casualties ()	
Items	Descriptions
Casualties	116 dead, 551wounded
Interruptions to lifeline systems	 Power supply: 173,000 households Water supply: 400,300 households Land-line telephone: 1,248 households Mobile phone station: 143 Natural gas supply: 1,304 households
Damaged building	After quick assessment: Red-tagged 249, Yellow-Tagged 336
Damages or suspension to transportation systems	 Highway: 2 sections High-speed rail: a temporary suspension to south-bound operation from Taichung soon after the quake
Damaged school	469
Mobilized personnel	33,343
	Data source: Central Emergency Operation Center

Emergency Operation



Level 1 operation

Started from 4:15 am on Feb 6 to collect situations, and coordinate search and rescue efforts

Ended at 4:00 pm on Feb 14

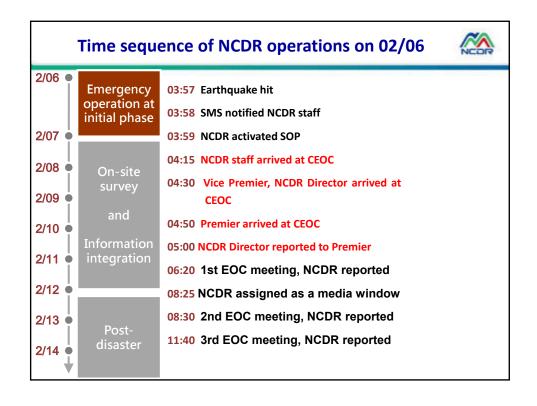


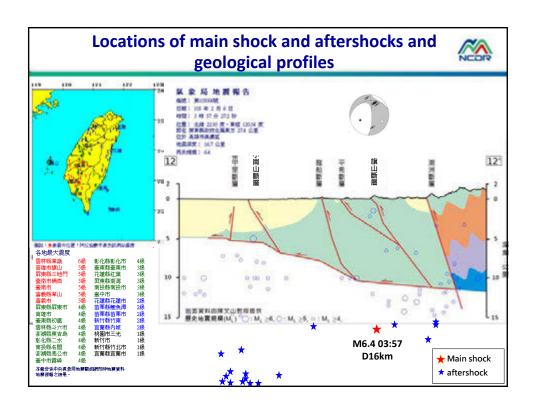
33,343 of urban search-andrescue team, firefighters, police officers, volunteers and soldiers had ever joined the operation



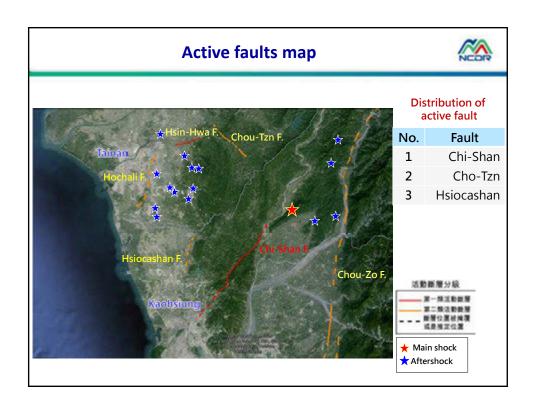


Summarized NCDR Operations during 2/06-14 2/06 0206 03:57 quake hit · 03:59 NCDR's system activated **Emergency** 0206 04:15 NCDR reported to CEOC initial phase 0206 05:00 NCDR Director reported to Primer and Vice Primer 2/07 NCDR was assigned as contact window to international media 2/08 In seven days, NCDR motivated 120 persons to collect information and situations, provide suggestion, and post-2/09 disaster survey 2/10 During 9-day emergency operation, NCDR attended 23 working meetings, 5 press conferences; and issued 16 2/11 integration Follow instructions, NCDR received six interviews by local media 2/12 NCDR and NCREE were assigned to propose a survey 2/13 report Post-0214 16:00 CEOC dismissed 2/14

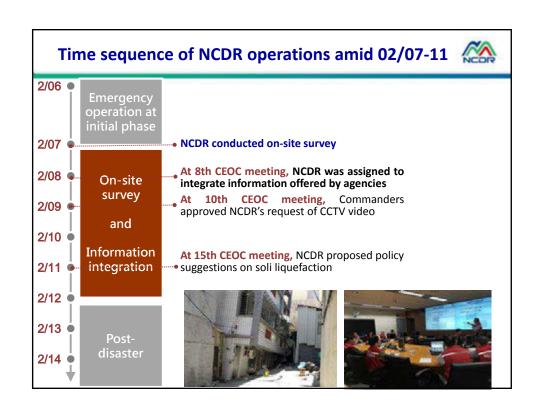


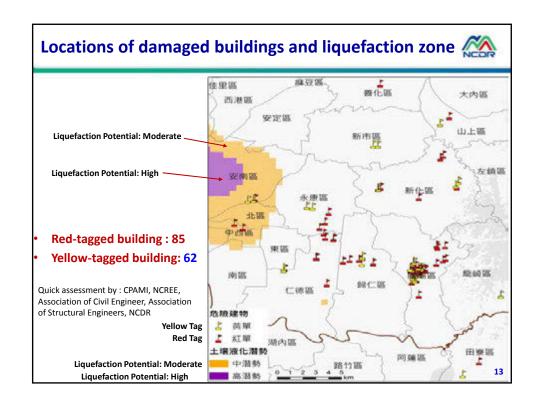


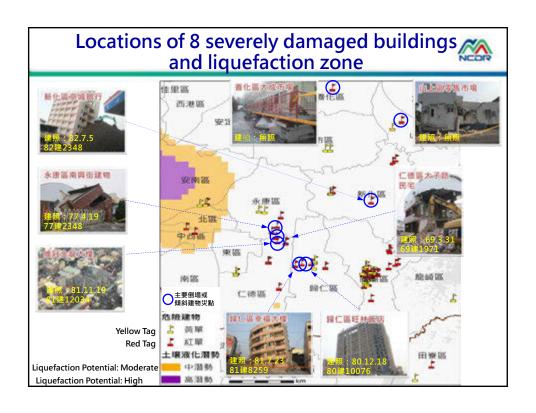


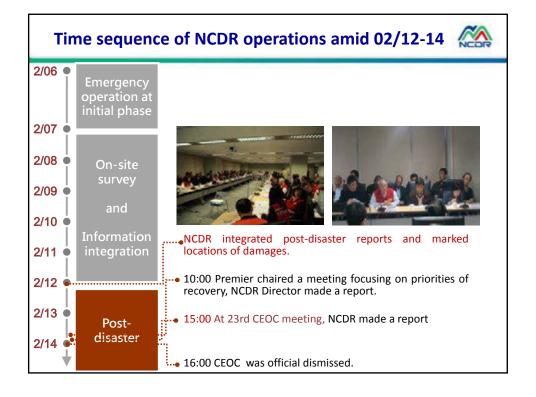










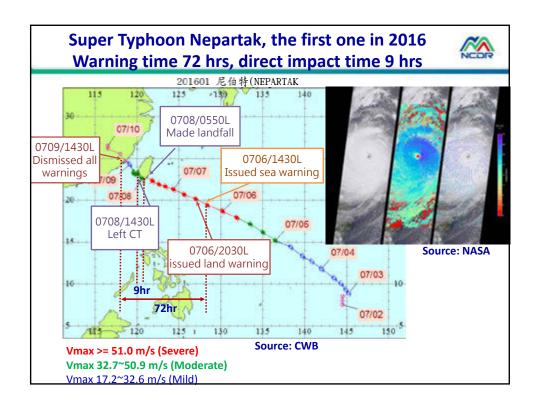


Lessons learned from the quake



- Retrofit on old-existing buildings
 - Weak story (insufficient shear capacity) : wide-and-open space.
 - Building designed before 1999: lateral reinforcement, seismic hooks and overlap of longitudinal reinforce bars
 - Mixed-use complex includes commercial and residential units
- Needs of modern technique to identify people under deep debris
- Enhance resilience of under ground pipelines
- Business continuity plan to help quick recovery
- Raise public risk perception: impacts by soil liquefaction
- Space remodeling requires a professional certificate to ensure seismic safety

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Items	Numbers
Casualty	Death: 3
	Injury: 285
Evacuation	Ever evacuated 17,396
Power outage	523,281 households ever out of electricity
Water outage	24,829 households ever out of tap water
Land-line phone	517 households
interruption	
Mobile phone	2,004 damaged sites
transmission tower	
Flood	211 sites
Road closure	10 sites

